

TWO-COLOUR DIGITAL PANEL METER

DIP110

The DIP110 is a highly accurate **programmable digital panel meter**, with **IP 65** front face protection. Each appliance is equipped with a two-colour 4 digits 14 mm high display with a brightness which integrates perfectly in applications in industrial control rooms. The extra-thin front face allows a better integration in cabinet fronts. They allow the display, the control and the transmission of data from any measurable magnitudes.

Two display versions are available:



Two-colour display,
red and green



Two-colour display,
red and white



Introduction

• Universal input

- DC current: 0/4 - 20 mA
- DC voltage: 100mV, 1V, 10V, 150V, 300V
- Thermocouple: J, K, N, S, B, W5, T, R, E, W, W3, L
- Sensor: Pt 100 Ω , Ni 100 Ω (2/3/4 wire), Δ Pt 100 Ω 2 wire
- Potentiometer: from 100 Ω to 10 K Ω
- Resistance: calibers 0-400 Ω and 0-10 K Ω

• Universal power supply

20 to 250 VAC and 20 to 250 VDC

• Options:

(specify on order)

• Isolated analogue output

Active current output, or voltage output.

• Output 2 relays

Mode setpoint or window.

Easy programming on front face with a 5-key tactile keyboard, or via the software SlimSET with a standard USB- μ USB cable (optional).

• Display:

Electroluminescent red and green (or red and white)
Selection of the basic colour and the condition for colour change programmable.
 ± 10000 points
2 alarm leds + 2 configurable leds

• Housing: Self-extinguishing case of black UL 94 V0 ABS. Extra-thin 1.4 mm front face

• Connectors: Removable terminal blocks on rear face for screwed connectings (2.5mm², flexible or rigid)

• Protection: Front face: IP 65 Housing/terminals: IP20

• Compliance with standards:

Directive LV 2014/35/UE.....EN 61010-1
Directive EMC 2014/30/UE.....EN 61326-1
Directive ROHS 2011/65/UE

CE Marking

Technical features

Types of inputs

DC current or voltage

100mV, 1V, 10V, 150V, 300V, 20mA.

- Accuracy: 0.1 % of the full scale at +25 °C
- Thermal drift < 150 ppm/°C
- Measurable scale overrange from -10% to +10%
- Permanent overload:
 - ±100 mA for caliber 20 mA
 - ±1V for caliber 100 mV
 - ±50V for calibers 1V, 10V
 - ±300V for calibers 150V, 300V
- Scale factor programmable
- Enlarging effect – Square root extraction
- Special linearisation on 20 points
- Supply for 2 or 3-wire sensor
24 V_{DC} (±15%) -25 mA protected from short-circuits

Temperature

Thermocouples:

Type J	min. -160 °C	max. +1200 °C
Type K	min. -270 °C	max. +1370 °C
Type N	min. +0 °C	max. +1300 °C
Type S	min. -50 °C	max. +1770 °C
Type B	min. +200 °C	max. +1820 °C
Type W5/C	min. +0 °C	max. +2300 °C
Type T	min. -270 °C	max. +410 °C
Type R	min. -50 °C	max. +1770 °C
Type E	min. -120 °C	max. +1000 °C
Type W/G	min. 1000 °C	max. +2300 °C
Type W3/D	min. 0 °C	max. +2480 °C
Type L	min. -150 °C	max. +910 °C

- Accuracy: 0.1% of the full scale at +25°C, or 30µV typical (60µV max.)
- Thermal drift < 150ppm/°C (except CJC)
- Efficiency of the CJC: ± 1°C ± 0.03°C/°C from -20°C to +60°C

Sensors:

Pt 100 Δ	min -200 °C	max. +850 °C
Ni 100 Δ	min -60 °C	max. +260 °C

- Wiring in 2,3 and 4 wire possible.
- Influence of the line resistance in 3 or 4-wire wiring within the class for $0 < R_l < 25\Omega$
- 2-wire Δ Pt100 measurement from -200°C to +270°C ($0 < R_l < 10\Omega$) (Max. resistance. 400 Ω)
- Max. measure current: 250 μ A
- Accuracy: 0.1% of the full scale at +25°C
- Thermal drift < 150ppm/°C

Potentiometer and resistance

Resistive sensors: calibers 0-400 Ω and 0-10 k Ω

- Accuracy: 0.1% of the full scale at +25°C
- Thermal drift < 150ppm/°C

Potentiometers: from 100 Ω to 10 k Ω

- Accuracy: 0.1% of the full scale at +25°C
- Thermal drift < 150ppm/°C

Types of options

Analogue output: 2 types on choice

A1: Active current output 0/4-20mA

A3: voltage output 0-10V

- Accuracy: 0.1 % in relation to the display (at +25°C)
- Residual ripple $\leq 0.2\%$
- Admissible load $0\Omega < R_l < 600\Omega$ (current)
 $R_l > 5k\Omega$ (voltage)
- Scale ratio programmable with enlarging effect.
- Response time: 40 ms.

Relay outputs:

2 independently programmable setpoint relays

- Hysteresis programmable independently in display points.
- Time delay programmable independently from 0 to 999.9 s in 0.1s. increments.
- Break-make contact 8 A - 250 V on resistive load.

◆ Power supply

20 to 250 VAC 50/60Hz, and 20 to 250 VAC

Power consumption: 3 W max. 6 VA max.

◆ Galvanic isolation

3 kV_{eff} 50HZ 1mn, between supply, input, analogue output, relay outputs.

◆ Features

- Sampling time: 100ms
- Input impedance $\geq 1\text{ M}\Omega$ for the voltage inputs.
- Drop 0.9 V max. for the current input.
- Rejection rate:
Common mode: 130 dB
Serial mode: 50 dB 50/60 Hz
- Zero drift compensation and self-calibration

◆ Integration indice (programmable)

Allows stabilizing the display in case of unsteady input.

◆ Detection of the line or sensor break

- Can be detected on inputs mV, TC, Pt 100, Ni 100, Δ Pt100, resistance (0-400 Ω) and current (4-20 mA).
- Fall back value programmable on the analogue output in case of sensor break.
- Detection of the sensor break programmable on the 2 relays.
- Possibility to disable the sensor break detection.

◆ Self-diagnosis

- Permanently watches any drifts of the components. Serves to warn the user before they may provoke false measures.
- Self-diagnosis detection of the errors programmable on the 2 relays.
- Fall back value programmable on the analogue output in case of self-diagnosis error.

◆ Input scale overrange

Shown on the display by a blinking measure.

◆ Linearisations

- Linear input
- Extraction of the square root (current or voltage inputs)
- Special linearisation in 20 points (in X and in Y)
(inputs: voltage or current or potentiometer or resistance)

◆ Process calibration (slope and offset)

Programmable on all inputs.

◆ Brightness setting

Setting of the digits brightness programmable on 4 levels, depending on the location of the device (outside, control room...)

◆ Quick reading on the display

- Of the value of the setpoints.
- Of the input signal electrical value.
- Of the min. and max. values

◆ Function simulation

- Possibility to simulate the analogue output (generator mode).
- Possibility to simulate the input or the displayed measure: allows validating the configuration of the analogue output and the relay outputs in the installation.

◆ Changing of the display colour

- Programming of the main display colour.
- Programming of the display colour change on alarm or self-diagnosis.

◆ Access code

An access code adjustable from 0000 to 9999 serves to protect the digital panel meter from unauthorized programming and to lock the access to some functions.

On factory exit the code is 0000.

◆ Environment

- IP65 front face protection.
- Operating temperature: -20 to +60°C.
- Storage temperature: -20 to +70°C.
- Relative dampness: 80% annual average.
- Use in pollution degree 2 and voltage surge category II or better.
- Max. altitude: 2000m
- Weight: 150g (with terminals)

Coding

◆ Type: DIP110

◆ Output options:

- A** : Analogue (A1 or A3: specify)
- R** : 2 relays

◆ Colour code:

- RG**: Two-colour display, Red/Green
- RW**: Two-colour display, Red/White

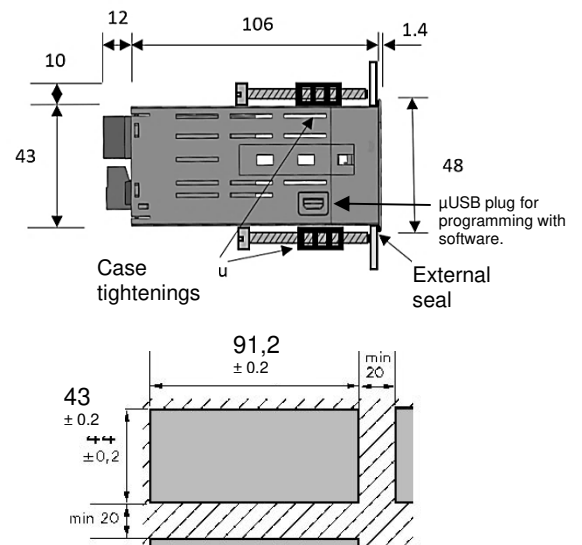
Order example:

For a two-colour digital panel meter in Red/Green with universal input, active current analogue output and 2 relays, request the reference:

DIP110 A1R RG.

Dimensions

Housing: 96 x 48 x 119.4 mm (with terminals)



Mounting: on panel, cut out 43 x 91.2 mm

This appliance is dedicated to industrial applications. It has to be installed in an electrical cabinet, or equivalent.

Connectings

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

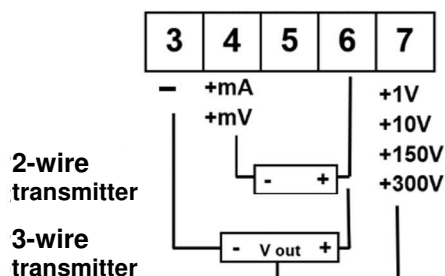
Location of the terminals

(view of case rear side)

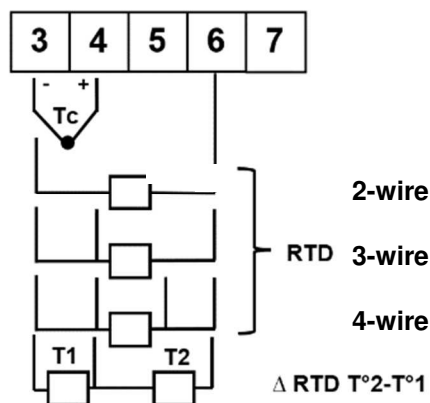
INPUTS

B

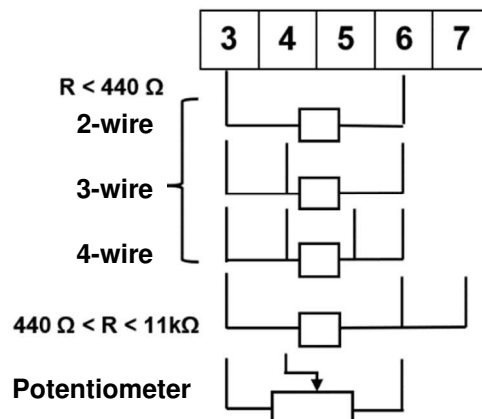
PROCESS



TEMPERATURE

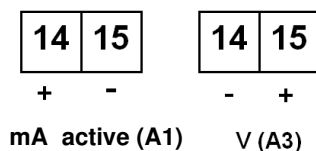


RESISTANCE AND POTENTIOMETER



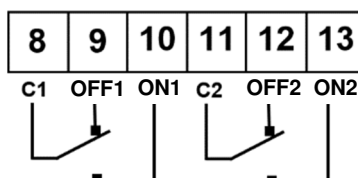
OUTPUTS (optional)

ANALOGUE OUTPUT



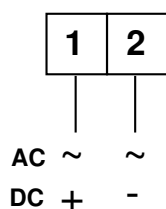
RELAYS 1 AND 2

C



POWER SUPPLY

A



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